

Assessment Requirements

Unit BP26K - Knowledge of Motor Vehicle Construction and Materials

Content:

Common forms in which body repair materials are supplied

- a. Identify the common forms of supply of metals to include:
 - i. sheet
 - ii. roll
 - iii. bar
 - iv. section
- b. Identify common forms of supply for non metals:
 - solid
 - ii. liquid
 - iii. composites
 - iv. laminated

Mechanical properties and use examples of materials to illustrate these properties

- a. Define the three states of matter.
- b. State the definitions of the following mechanical properties:
 - i. ductility
 - ii. malleability
 - iii. hardness
 - iv. toughness
 - v. elasticity
 - vi. plasticity
 - vii. weld ability
 - viii. conductivity
 - ix. insulation
- c. Give examples of materials and components exhibiting the above properties.
- d. Describe ways in which the above properties can be changed temporarily or permanently to include:
 - i. heating
 - ii. alloying
 - iii. cold working
 - iv. heat treatments

Define and distinguish between classes of materials

- a. Define classes of materials as:
 - i. metals
 - ii. non metals
 - iii. synthetic
 - iv. natural
- b. Classify metals into:
 - i. ferrous
 - ii. non ferrous
 - iii. pure metals
 - iv. alloys

Factors which affect the selection of listed materials

- a. Identify the range of selection factors which determine the use of materials to include:
 - i. material costs
 - ii. suitability for use
 - iii. form of supply



- iv. joining characteristics
- v. strength
- vi. material properties vii. corrosion resistance
- viii. melting point
- b. Compare the factors affecting the use of:
 - pure metals
 - alloys ii.
 - iii. plastics
- c. Understand the Importance of melting points of the following:
 - LC steel
 - ii. aluminium alloy
 - iii. stainless steel
 - iv. solder
 - v. common plastics

Listed materials used in repair or construction

- a. Identify the types and properties of steels used in construction and repair to include:
 - low carbon steels i.
 - ii. medium carbon steels
 - iii. high carbon steels
 - iv. cast irons
 - v. alloy steels
 - vi. UHSS
- b. Describe the properties of common non ferrous metals used in construction and repair to include:
 - aluminium
 - ii. zinc
 - iii. lead
 - iv. tin
 - copper
- c. Compare and identify listed non-metals used in repair or construction to include:
 - i. plastics
 - glass ii.
 - iii. fabrics
 - iv. leather
 - v. rubber
- d. Define the terms:
 - i. thermo plastic
 - thermo setting plastics
- e. Identify the uses and properties of materials used for interior furnishings such as:
 - rubber i.
 - fabric ii.
 - iii. leather
 - iv. glass
- f. Give examples of common plastics used in repair and construction including:

 - polyethylene ii.
 - iii. polypropylene
 - iv. polyester
 - v. acrylic
 - vi. glass reinforced plastic

State the constituents and general properties of the following alloys:

- i. solder
- ii. stainless steel



- iii. low carbon steel
- iv. brass
- v. aluminium alloys including duralumin

Ways in which the properties of metals can be changed temporarily of permanently

- a. Explain the advantages of changing the material properties temporarily
- b. Explain the effects of changing the material properties permanently
- c. State the advantages of changing materials properties
- d. State that material properties can be changed by:
 - i. heat treatment
 - ii. cold working
 - iii. alloying
- e. Describe how the properties of metals are changed under the above three headings

Causes of corrosion in steel car bodies

- a. Explain the principle of oxidation to include:
 - i. simple corrosion cell
 - ii. combination with oxygen
 - iii. effects of an electrolyte
 - iv. effects of dissimilar metals
- b. Identify reasons for corrosion in vehicles to include:
 - i. bad joint design
 - ii. poor protection
 - iii. stone chips
 - iv. water leaks
 - v. industrial pollution
- c. Explain that methods of corrosion protection can include:
 - i. protective metal coatings
 - ii. protective non-metal coatings
 - iii. cavity waxes
 - iv. anti chip coatings
 - v. sealers
- d. Describe the effects of corrosion in a vehicle body to include:
 - i. loss of strength
 - ii. manufacturer's warranty consideration
 - iii. loss of appearance

Characteristics of body assemblies

- a. Describe methods of producing body panels to include:
 - i. forming
 - ii. pressing
 - iii. moulding
- b. Describe the methods of imparting strength to sheet metal to include:
 - i. swages
 - ii. edging
 - iii. forming into sections
 - iv. combining sections into box sections
 - v. the principles of crowned panels
- c. Describe the characteristics of monocoque structures.
- d. Describe the characteristics of separate construction.
- e. Identify by name and description of use, the following:
 - i. sill panel
 - ii. bulkhead
 - iii. chassis leg
 - iv. inner flitch



- v. cross member
- vi. a, b, c and d posts
- vii. roof viii. cant rail
- ix. windscreen header rails
- x. floor assembly
- xi. inner wheel arches
- xii. dog leg xiii. scuttle panels xiv. front panel
- xv. headlamp mounting panels xvi. back panel